

## Changes to Open Meeting Laws ~ Part 3: Violations

Changes are underlined:

67-2347. VIOLATIONS. (1) If an action, or any deliberation or decision making that leads to an action, occurs at any meeting which fails to comply with the provisions of sections 67-2340 through 67-2346, Idaho Code, such action shall be null and void.

(2) Any member of the governing body governed by the provisions of sections 67-2340 through 67-2346, Idaho Code, who conducts or participates in a meeting which violates the provisions of this act shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00).

(3) Any member of a governing body who knowingly violates the provisions of this act shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).

(4) Any member of a governing body who violates any provision of this act and who has previously admitted to committing or has been previously determined to have committed a violation of this act within the twelve (12) months preceding this subsequent violation shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).

(5) The attorney general shall have the duty to enforce this act in relation to public agencies of state government, and the prosecuting attorneys of the various counties shall have the duty to enforce this act in relation to local public agencies within their respective jurisdictions. In the event that there is reason to believe that a violation of the provisions of this act has been committed by members of a board of county commissioners or, for any other reason a county prosecuting attorney is deemed disqualified from proceeding to enforce this act, the prosecuting attorney or board of county commissioners shall seek to have a special prosecutor appointed for that purpose as provided in section 31-2603, Idaho Code.

(6) Any person affected by a violation of the provisions of this act may commence a civil action in the magistrate division of the district court of the county in which the public agency ordinarily meets, for the purpose of requiring compliance with provisions of this act. No private action brought pursuant to this subsection shall result in the assessment of a civil penalty against any member of a public agency and there shall be no private right of action for damages arising out of any violation of the provisions of sections 67-2342 through 67-2346, Idaho Code. Any suit brought for the purpose of having an action declared or determined to be null and void pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall be commenced within thirty (30) days of the time of the decision or action that results, in whole or in part, from a meeting that failed to comply with the provisions of this act. Any other suit brought under the provisions of this section shall be commenced within one hundred eighty (180) days of the time of the violation or alleged violation of the provisions of this act.

To summarize:

- First offense is \$50, even if the violation is not deliberate. (The Attorney General has determined that this fine would be paid by the individual, not by the board/library.)
- "Knowingly" violating this act, or a subsequent violation is \$500.
- A violation of the open meeting section of code still leads to actions taken at the meeting being null and void.