

## IV. LEGISLATION – POLICIES – RULES - GUIDELINES

## A. Legislation – 2019 Session Overview – Information Item

Bill	Purpose	Disposition
HO103	RS26678: This legislation amends chapter 4, title 34, Idaho Code by amending language and adding a new subsection with a disclosure requirement for property tax levy election ballot questions. When a taxing district authorizes a levy election, the ballot must include a disclosure statement indicating the estimated average annual cost to a property tax owner per \$100,000 of property value and the length of time. The county clerk will make the calculation and include the financial information on the disclosure statement on the levy ballot.	Reported Signed by Governor on March 14, 2019; Session Law Chapter 86; Effective July 1, 2019
HO193 a	RS26914: This legislation helps to clarify the Tax Commission's duties in reviewing a taxing district's proposed boundary changes. These duties would be limited to reviewing proposed legal descriptions and total boundary areas that are submitted by a taxing district to ensure they are accurate. If the Tax Commission finds any errors in those legal descriptions or boundary changes, they would then be required to notify the appropriate taxing district within a specific time frame.	Reported Signed by Governor on April 2, 2019; Session Law Chapter 271; Effective July 1, 2019
HO194 a	RS26860: The purpose of this legislation is to amend Chapter 27, Section 41 of Title 33 Idaho Code. The change will update the current requirement that public libraries filter access to minors of obscene and pornographic material through their Internet. Current law did not anticipate the use of personal laptop computers, tablets and smart phones gaining access through the publicly provided wireless access to the library's Internet. The bill adds the language "publicly accessible wireless Internet access or" and like terminology to several references of "publicly accessible computers". This bill simply confirms that Idaho's public libraries shall assure that their wireless (Wi-Fi) is filtered. Public Libraries are currently required to filter obscene and pornographic materials from minors. These amendments clarify that Wi-Fi access of these materials must also be filtered from minors. Each library	Reported Signed by Governor; Session Law Chapter 313 on April 4, 2019; Effective July 1, 2020

**Board Document 19-44**

Bill	Purpose	Disposition
	board of trustees would also need to update their policies to include this amendment.	
HO199 a	RS26926: This legislation corrects and clarifies some confusing and inconsistent aspects of Idaho Code section 18-3302 dealing with concealed weapons. This legislation also changes the length of knife blade excluded from the definition of deadly weapon from four (4) inches to six (6) inches.	Reported Signed by Governor on April 2, 2019; Session Law Chapter 272; Effective July 1, 2019
HO201	RS26966: This legislation amends chapter 13, title 63, Idaho Code to allow counties with less than 7,500 population, that have had 3 bond elections in the past 5 years and have obtained judicial confirmation after March 1, 2018 and before December 31, 2019 to issue bonds and levy taxes to pay for the obligation that was subject to the court order.	Reported Signed by Governor on March 25, 2019; Session Law Chapter 205; Effective Retroactive to January 1, 2019
HO206	RS26886: Amends Idaho Code section 18-3302(4) to lower the age limit for concealed carrying of a handgun within city limits to 18 years old and over.	Reported Signed by Governor on April 2, 2019; Session Law Chapter 273; Effective July 1, 2019
HO217 a	RS26945: This legislation amends 50-2905A, Local Development Act. The purpose is to establish more taxpayer input into municipal structures that come off the tax roll. Urban Renewal was not intended to become the path of least resistance for the construction or financing of municipal buildings. It was designed to encourage private sector development. The primary changes are as follows. We added "remodel" of a "municipal building" relating to voter approval. Second, we add a "multipurpose sports stadium complex" to the types of property that would be subject to a public vote in order to spend Urban Renewal dollars from stadium complexes to go to the voters in the qualified municipality for approval. Fourth, we lowered the spending that would not be subject to a vote, refocusing the use of Urban Renewal dollars to infrastructure in advance of private sector economic development. We defined "multipurpose sports stadium complex" and amended the definition of	Delivered to Governor on April 8, 2019

Bill	Purpose	Disposition
	<p>“municipal building” to include buildings that are owned and leased or operated by a municipality. Finally, we include an emergency clause.</p> <p>Fiscal Note: There is no fiscal impact to the State or other units of government. There would be a reallocation of property tax revenue within a Revenue Allocation Area if a project under this section is approved by the qualified electors in that municipality.</p>	
HO230	<p>RS26986: This is the FY 2020 original appropriation bill for the Commission for Libraries. It appropriates a total of \$5,878,800 and caps the number of authorized full-time equivalent positions at \$37.50.</p> <p>For benefit costs, the bill maintains the current appropriated amount for health insurance at \$11,650 per eligible FTP; provides a 5.5% increase for the employer’s share of PERSI contributions; and temporarily reduces the rate agencies pay the Division of Human Resources for its services. For statewide cost allocation, \$53,600 is provided. The bill also provides funding for the equivalent of a 3% change in employee compensation for permanent employees, with a minimum increase of \$550 for each employee and the remaining amount to be distributed based on merit. The bill funds two line items, which provide \$60,000 for child literacy grants; and \$12,600 for broadband Internet reimbursement. Section 4 of the bill repurposes an appropriation for broadband reimbursement.</p> <p>Fiscal Note: FY2019 original appropriation: \$5,900,700; FY2019 total appropriation: \$5,900,700; noncognizable funds and transfers: \$0; FY2019 estimated expenditures: \$5,900,700; removal of one-time expenditures: (\$219,200); base adjustments: \$0; FY2020 base: \$5,681,500; benefit costs: \$5,500; statewide cost allocation: \$53,600; change in employee compensation: \$65,600; FY2020 program maintenance: \$5,806,200; FY2020 total: \$5,878,800; change from FY2019 original appropriation: (\$21,900); % change from FY2019 original appropriation: (0.4%).</p>	<p>Reported Signed by Governor on March 19, 2019; Session Law Chapter 127; Section 4 Effective March 19, 2019; All Other Sections Effective July 1, 2019</p>

**Board Document 19-44**

<b>Bill</b>	<b>Purpose</b>	<b>Disposition</b>
S1075a	RS26708: This bill amends sections in Title 18 and Title 56 that affect individuals with disabilities that need service dogs, to provide clarification on Idaho's statutes regarding access for service dogs in area of public accommodation.	Reported Signed by Governor on March 25, 2019; Session Law Chapter 213; Effective July 1, 2019
S1111	RS26833: The Office of the Secretary of State is proposing legislation that will enable the notarization of a document by an Idaho notary to execute a notarial act for a remotely located individual, through the use of communication technology and in concert with a process for identity proofing. This process is known as remote notarization. The proposed legislation also includes language to require counties to accept electronically notarized records for recording.	Reported Signed by Governor on March 21, 2019; Session Law Chapter 160; Effective January 1, 2020
S1113a	RS26843: This legislation is the work product of the Campaign Finance Committee. The purpose of this legislation is to bring transparency and Sunshine into all elections in Idaho. Promotion of openness and public confidence by those giving financial support to election campaigns and those promoting or opposing legislation or attempting to influence legislative, executive or administrative actions for compensation are required to file financial disclosures with the Office of the Secretary of State to be entered into the Campaign Finance database. This legislation will be effective January 1, 2020.	Signed by Governor on April 2, 2019; Session Law Chapter 288; Effective January 1, 2020